

Storm Water Requirements for Construction Activity



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What is Montana's Storm Water Discharge Permit Program for Construction Activity?

The 1972 amendments to the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, later referred to as the Clean Water Act (CWA), prohibit the discharge of any pollutant to waters of the United States unless the discharge is authorized by a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit.

In Montana, the Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) is authorized to administer the NPDES Program through the Montana Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (MPDES) Program.

Traditionally, efforts to improve water quality under the NPDES program have focused on reducing pollutants in industrial process wastewater and municipal sewage treatment plant discharges. Over time, it became evident that more diffuse sources of water pollution, such as storm water runoff from construction sites, are also significant contributors to water quality problems.

Typically, sediment runoff rates from construction sites are 10 to 20 times greater than those from agricultural lands, and 1,000 to 2,000 times greater than those of forestlands. During a short period of time, construction activity can contribute more sediment to streams than is naturally deposited over several decades. This accelerated deposition causes both physical and biological harm to

Montana's surface waters.

In 1990, the federal Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) promulgated rules establishing Phase I of the NPDES storm water program. Phase I addressed, among other discharges, discharges from larger construction activities disturbing 5 acres or more of land. In Montana, since 1992 the DEQ has been permitting these storm water discharges from larger construction projects through the MPDES Program.

Phase II of the NPDES storm water program covers smaller construction activities disturbing between 1 and 5 acres. Phase II became final on December 8, 1999 with smaller construction activity permitting to initiate on March 10, 2003. Montana has incorporated these new MPDES Phase II storm water requirements, as well as existing Phase I requirements, into the Administrative Rules of Montana (ARM), Title 17, Chapter 30, Subchapters 11, 12, and 13.

Who Requires Storm Water Discharge Permit Coverage Under Montana Rules?

Effective March 10, 2003, construction activity which results in the "disturbance" of equal to or greater than 1 acre of total land area will need to obtain permit coverage under the General Permit for Storm Water Discharges Associated with Construction Activity (called "General Permit"). Construction activity includes the disturbance of less than 1 acre of total land area that is part of a larger common plan of development or sale if the larger common plan will ultimately disturb 1 acre or more (*such as subdivisions with phased work over years*).

What is the Definition of “Disturbance” of a Construction Site?

“Disturbance” (related to construction activity) means areas that are subject to clearing, excavating, grading, stockpiling earth materials, and placement/removal of earth material performed during construction projects.

What is the Definition of an “Owner/Operator” of a Construction Site?

An “Owner/Operator” means a person who owns, leases, operates, controls or supervises a point source.

How does an “Owner/Operator” Obtain General Permit Coverage?

An Owner/Operator can obtain permit coverage from the DEQ after submitting the following **Notice of Intent (NOI) Package** items by the proposed construction start date:

- **NOI form** with all requested items completed;
- **Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP)** addressing all requested items; and
- **Application fee and first year annual fee** as per current Administrative Rules of Montana (*see ARM 17.30.201*)

Applicants must read and be familiar with the General Permit to assist in the completion of the forms and submittal of the NOI Package.

Permit coverage is transferable only after notice is given to the Department and a transfer fee is paid. Notice of transfer must be completed on the Department’s Permit Transfer Notice (PTN) form and must be received at least 15 days prior to the anticipated date of transfer. Signatory requirements in rule and the General Permit allow only certain

qualified people to sign NOI forms and other reports.

All NOIs require a Notice of Termination (NOT) form to be submitted when the construction activity is complete and the site has achieved “final stabilization.” “Final stabilization” means the time at which all soil-disturbing activities at a site have been completed and a vegetative cover has been established with a density of at least 70% of the pre-disturbance levels, or equivalent permanent, physical erosion reduction methods have been employed. Final stabilization using vegetation must be accomplished using seeding mixtures or forbs, grasses, and shrubs that are adapted to the conditions of the site. Establishment of a vegetative cover capable of providing erosion control equivalent to pre-existing conditions at the site will be considered final stabilization.

What is the Purpose of a Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP)?

A SWPPP is developed and implemented by the permittee for three major purposes:

1. Assessing the characteristics of the site such as nearby surface waters, topography, and storm water runoff patterns;
2. To identify potential sources of pollutants such as sediment from disturbed areas, and stored wastes or fuels; and
3. To identify Best Management Practices (BMPs) which will be used to minimize or eliminate the potential for these pollutants to reach surface waters through storm water runoff.

BMPs at construction activity sites typically consist of various erosion and sediment control measures. Erosion and sediment control at construction sites is best accomplished with proper planning, installation, and maintenance of controls.

Most erosion and sediment controls require regular

maintenance to operate correctly. Accumulated sediments should be removed frequently and materials should be checked periodically for wear. Regular inspections by qualified personnel should be performed after major storm or snowmelt events and as required in the General Permit.

What are the Fees?

Fees are based upon the current Administrative Rules of Montana (ARM) 17.30.201.

Where Can I Find More Information?

- I. MT Department of Environmental Quality
Water Protection Bureau
Storm Water Program
P. O. Box 200901 • 1520 East Sixth Ave.
Helena, MT 59620-0901
1-406-444-3080

The following website contains the General Permit, fee information, the NOI form, the SWPPP form, the PTN form and the NOT form:
<http://www.deq.mt.gov/wqinfo/MPDES/StormwaterConstruction.mcpix>
- II. MT Department of Environmental Quality
Small Business Assistance Program
P.O. Box 200901 • 1520 East Sixth Ave.
Helena, MT 59620-0901
1-800-433-8773
<http://deq.mt.gov/SBAP/default.mcpix>
- III. USEFUL GUIDANCE
EPA Menu of Construction BMPs Website
(use “Fact Sheets”) at:
<http://cfpub.epa.gov/npdes/stormwater/menuofbmps/index.cfm>